AMENDMENTS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1.–2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein said DNA is non-genomic DNA.
 - 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein said DNA is cDNA.
 - 5.-19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Previously Presented) A method of subjecting a DNA molecule to a DNA synthesis reaction, comprising the steps of:
 - a) obtaining a DNA molecule having a first linker sequence positioned at one end of the DNA molecule and a second linker sequence, different from said first linker sequence, positioned at the other end of the DNA molecule; and
 - b) subjecting said DNA to a DNA synthesis reaction with a primer set comprising:
 - i) a first primer, wherein the 5' sequence of said primer is complementary to said first linker sequence and the 3' sequence of said primer comprises a specificity region; and
 - ii) a second primer, wherein the 5' sequence of said primer is complementary to said second linker sequence and the 3' sequence of said primer comprises a specificity region

wherein both the specificity regions of both the first and second primers comprise random sequences.

- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 85, wherein said amplification is performed with an array of combinations of alternate amplification primers.
 - 22. (Cancelled)
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 85, further comprising, identifying the amplified DNA.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein said identification is based upon length.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein said identification is performed by a computer program.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein said array of amplifications is performed in a multi-well plate.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the specificity region of the primers of the first primer set is 3,4,5,6,7 or 8 base pairs long.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the specificity region of the primers of the second primer set is 3,4,5,6,7 or 8 base pairs long.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 85, wherein said amplification comprises polymerase chain reaction, nucleic acid sequence based amplification, transcription mediated amplification, strand displacement amplification or ligase chain reaction.

30. - 35. (Cancelled)

36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 85, wherein a label is incorporated into said amplified DNA.

- 37. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said label is incorporated by means of a labeled primer.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 36, further comprising, partial nucleotide sequence identification of the amplified products by the identity of the label.
 - 39. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said label is a chromophore.
 - 40. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said label is a fluorophore.
 - 41. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said label is an affinity label.
 - 42. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said label is a dye.
- 43. (Original) The method of claim 37, wherein the 5' end of said primer comprises an amino moiety and a flurophore is covalently attached by the reaction of a succinimido ester of the flurophore to the 5' amino-modified primer.
- 44. (Original) The method of claim 40, wherein said fluorophore is Alexa 350, Alexa 430, AMCA, BODIPY 630/650, BODIPY 650/665, BODIPY-FL, BODIPY-R6G, BODIPY-TMR, BODIPY-TRX, Cascade Blue, Cy2, Cy3, Cy5,6-FAM, Fluorescein, HEX, 6-JOE, Oregon Green 488, Oregon Green 500, Oregon Green 514, Pacific Blue, REG, Rhodamine Green, Rhodamine Red, ROX, TAMRA, TET, Tetramethylrhodamine, and Texas Red.
- 45. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the products of said DNA synthesis reaction are analyzed.
- 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

- 47. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is by capillary gel electrophoresis.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is by mass spectrophotometry.
- 49. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is by energy transfer.
- 50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is by a filtration and extraction device.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is by the use of interlaced lasers and multiple fluorescent measurements.
- 52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products comprises quantifying amplification products.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 52, wherein said quantifying is by measuring the ratio of each product to a co-amplified reference-gene.
- 54. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 52, wherein said quantifying is by measuring the ratio of each product to a panel of reference-genes.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 52, wherein said analysis of products is by Real-Time PCR.
- 56. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is performed in a multi-well plate.

- 57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is performed on a membrane.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 45, wherein said analysis of products is performed on a solid matrice.
 - 59. (Original) The method of claim 58, wherein said solid matrice is a DNA chip.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a different cell or tissue.
- 61. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cancerous cell or tissue.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a pharmaceutical compound.
- 63. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a teratogenic compound.
- 64. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a carcinogenic compound.
- 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a toxic compound.

- 66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a biological response modifier.
- 67. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a hormone, a hormone agonist or a hormone antagonist.
- 68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a cytokine.
- 69. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with a growth factor.
- 70. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on DNA derived from a normal cell or tissue and on the DNA derived from a cell or tissue treated with the ligand of a known biological receptor.
- 71. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on more than one sample of DNA, wherein the DNA samples are derived from a cell or tissue type obtained from different species.
- 72. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on more than one sample of DNA, wherein the DNA samples are derived from a cell or tissue type obtained from different organisms.
- 73. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on more than one sample of DNA, wherein the DNA samples are derived from a cell or tissue at different stages of development.

- 74. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on more than one sample of DNA, wherein the DNA samples are derived from a normal cell or tissue and derived from a cell or tissue that is diseased.
- 75. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on more than one sample of DNA, wherein the DNA samples are derived from a cell or tissue cultured in vitro under different conditions.
- 76. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, performed on the DNA derived from a cell or tissue from two organisms of the same species with a known genetic difference.

 77.–84. (Cancelled)
- 85. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the first and second primers are employed to amplify the DNA molecule.
- 86. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the first and second primers are employed to sequence the DNA molecule.
- 87. (Currently amended) A pair of primer molecules wherein both members of the pair comprise (a) a predetermined 5' sequence that incorporates a sequence that anneals to a predetermined linker sequence and (b) a random 3' terminal specificity region of from 3 to 8 nucleotides in length, the specificity region defined as one of all possible sequence combinations of A, T, G and C, and wherein each member of the pair anneals to a different predetermined linker sequence from the other member of the pair.
- 88. (Currently amended) A population of paired primer molecules, the primer molecule pairs having (a) a predetermined 5' sequence that incorporates a sequence that anneals to a predetermined linker sequence and (b) a random 3' terminal specificity region of from 3 to 8

nucleotides in length, the population of primer molecules having specificity regions collectively reflecting all possible sequence combinations of A, T, G and C, and wherein each member of the pair anneals to a different predetermined linker sequence from the other member of the pair.

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